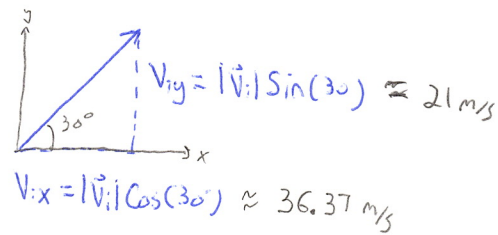
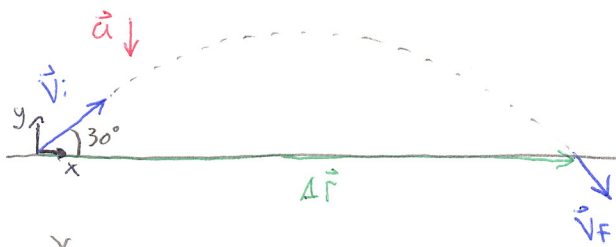


KINEMATICS: PROJECTILE MOTION - FUNDAMENTAL EXAMPLES SOLUTIONS

①



$$\begin{aligned} X_i &= 0 \text{ m} & Y_i &= 0 \text{ m} \\ X_f &=? & Y_f &= 0 \text{ m} \\ v_{ix} &= 36.37 \text{ m/s} & v_{iy} &= 21 \text{ m/s} \\ v_{fx} &= 36.37 \text{ m/s} & v_{fy} &=? \\ a_x &= 0 \text{ m/s}^2 & a_y &= -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2 \\ \Delta t &=? \end{aligned}$$

$$y_f = y_i + v_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_y \Delta t^2$$

$$0 = 0 + (21) \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) \Delta t^2$$

$$0 = 21 \Delta t - 4.9 \Delta t^2$$

$$0 = 21 - 4.9 \Delta t$$

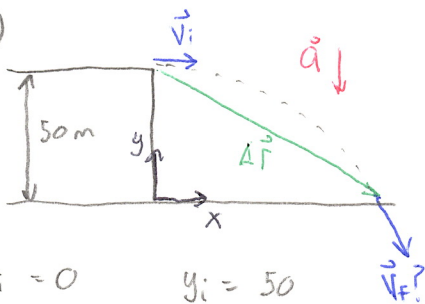
$$\Delta t = \frac{21}{4.9} \approx 4.29 \text{ seconds} \quad \text{b)}$$

$$x_f = x_i + v_{ix} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_x \Delta t^2$$

$$X_f = 0 + (36.37)(4.29) + \frac{1}{2}(0) \Delta t^2$$

a) $X_f \approx 156 \text{ m}$

②



$$y_f = y_i + v_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_y \Delta t^2$$

$$0 = 50 + 0 \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) \Delta t^2$$

$$0 = 50 - 4.9 \Delta t^2$$

$$\Delta t^2 = \frac{50}{4.9}$$

$$\Delta t = \sqrt{\frac{50}{4.9}} \approx 3.19 \text{ seconds} \quad \text{b)}$$

$$x_f = x_i + v_{ix} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_x \Delta t^2$$

$$X_f = 0 + (30)(3.19) + \frac{1}{2}(0) \Delta t^2$$

a) $X_f \approx 96 \text{ m}$

$$X_i = 0 \quad Y_i = 50$$

$$X_f = ? \quad Y_f = 0$$

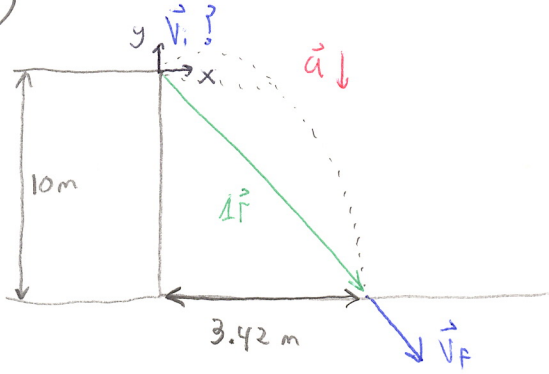
$$v_{ix} = 30 \text{ m/s} \quad v_{iy} = 0$$

$$v_{fx} = 30 \text{ m/s} \quad v_{fy} = ?$$

$$a_x = 0 \quad a_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\Delta t = ?$$

3



$$x_i = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$y_i = 0 \text{ m}$$

$$x_f = 3.42 \text{ m}$$

$$y_f = -10 \text{ m}$$

$$v_{ix} = ?$$

$$v_{iy} = ?$$

$$v_{fx} = 1.71 \text{ m/s}$$

$$v_{fy} = -14.6 \text{ m/s}$$

$$a_x = 0 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$a_y = -9.8 \text{ m/s}^2$$

$$\Delta t = ?$$

PROJECTILE motion ... $a_x = 0$ So ... $v_{ix} = v_{fx}$

$$x_f = x_i + v_{ix} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_x \Delta t^2$$

$$3.42 = 0 + 1.71 \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} (0) \Delta t^2$$

$$3.42 = 1.71 \Delta t$$

$$\Delta t = 2 \text{ SECONDS}$$

$$y_f = y_i + v_{iy} \Delta t + \frac{1}{2} a_y \Delta t^2$$

$$-10 = 0 + v_{iy} (2) + \frac{1}{2} (-9.8) (2)^2$$

$$-10 = 2v_{iy} - 19.6$$

$$9.6 = 2v_{iy}$$

$$v_{iy} = 4.8 \text{ m/s}$$

$$\vec{v} = \langle 1.71, 4.8 \rangle \text{ m/s}$$

$$|\vec{v}| = \sqrt{1.71^2 + 4.8^2}$$

$$|\vec{v}| \approx 5.1 \text{ m/s @ } 70^\circ \text{ FROM } +x \text{ TO } +y \text{ AXIS}$$

