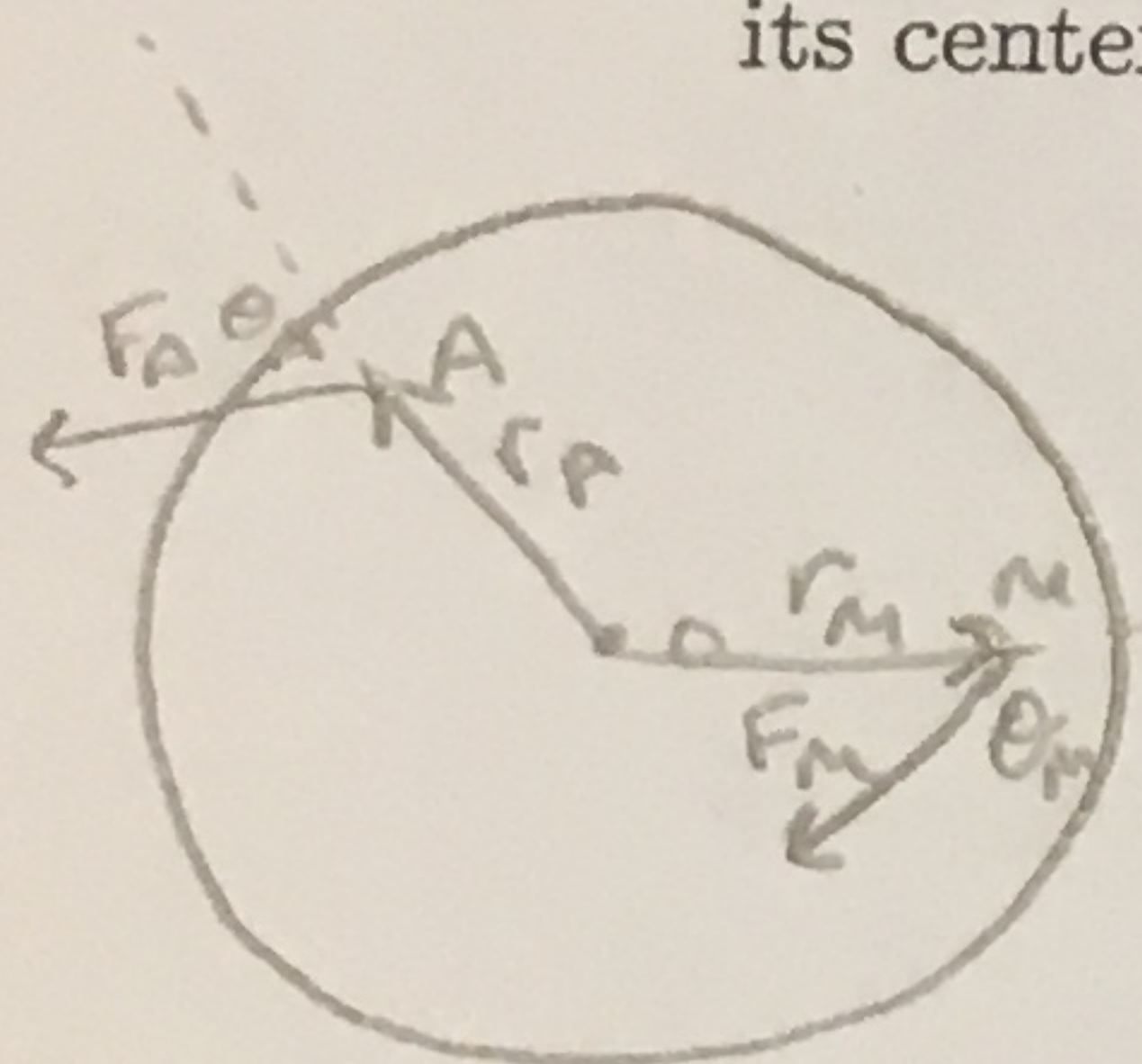
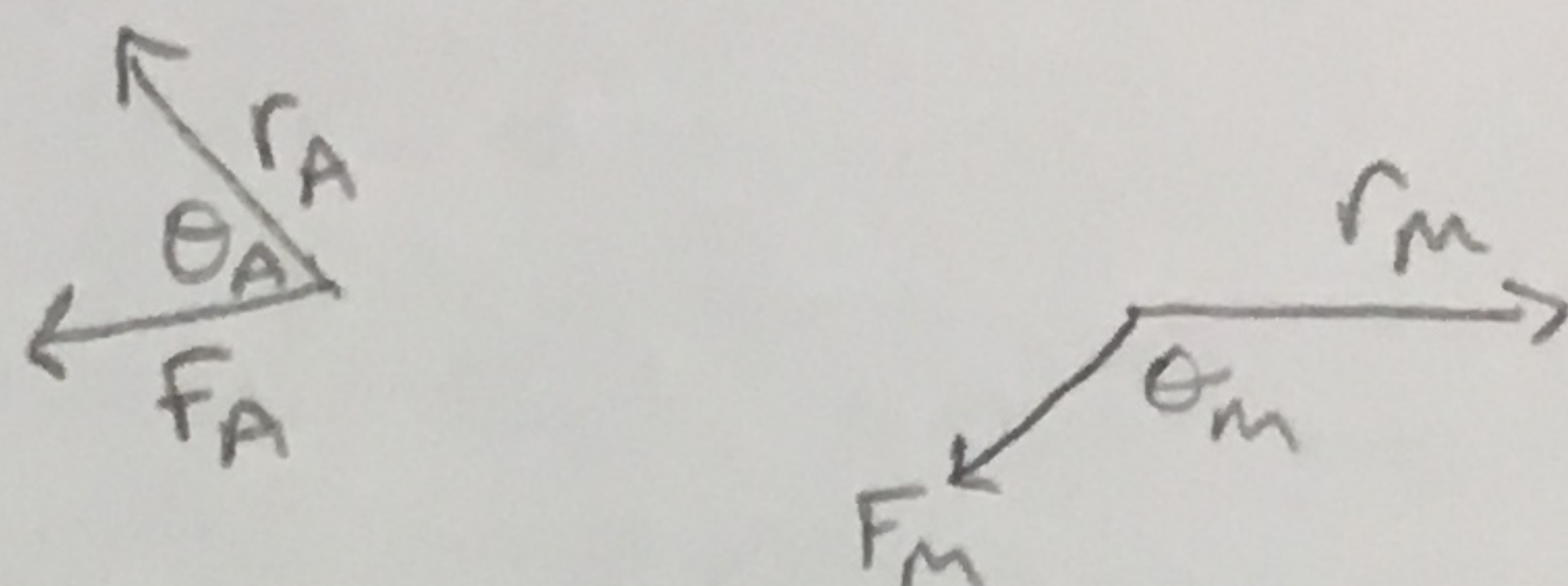


Circular Disk A CD is rotated about an axis O through its center by the application of two forces. Annie and Mikey are fighting over the CD. Annie pushes with a finger and applies a force of magnitude 11N is exerted at a distance of 0.34cm from the axis and at an angle of 58° from a radial line extending from the axis through the point of application A of the force. Mikey applies a second force of magnitude 15N is exerted at a distance of 0.26cm from the axis and at an angle of 119° from a radial line extending from the axis through the point of application M of the force. Determine the net torque on the CD about its center and which way the net torque accelerates the CD.



$\theta_A = 58^\circ$
 $\theta_M = 119^\circ$
 $|r_A| = 0.0034\text{m}$
 $|r_M| = 0.0026\text{m}$
 $|F_A| = 11\text{N}$
 $|F_M| = 15\text{N}$



$\vec{T} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} = |r||F|\sin\theta$

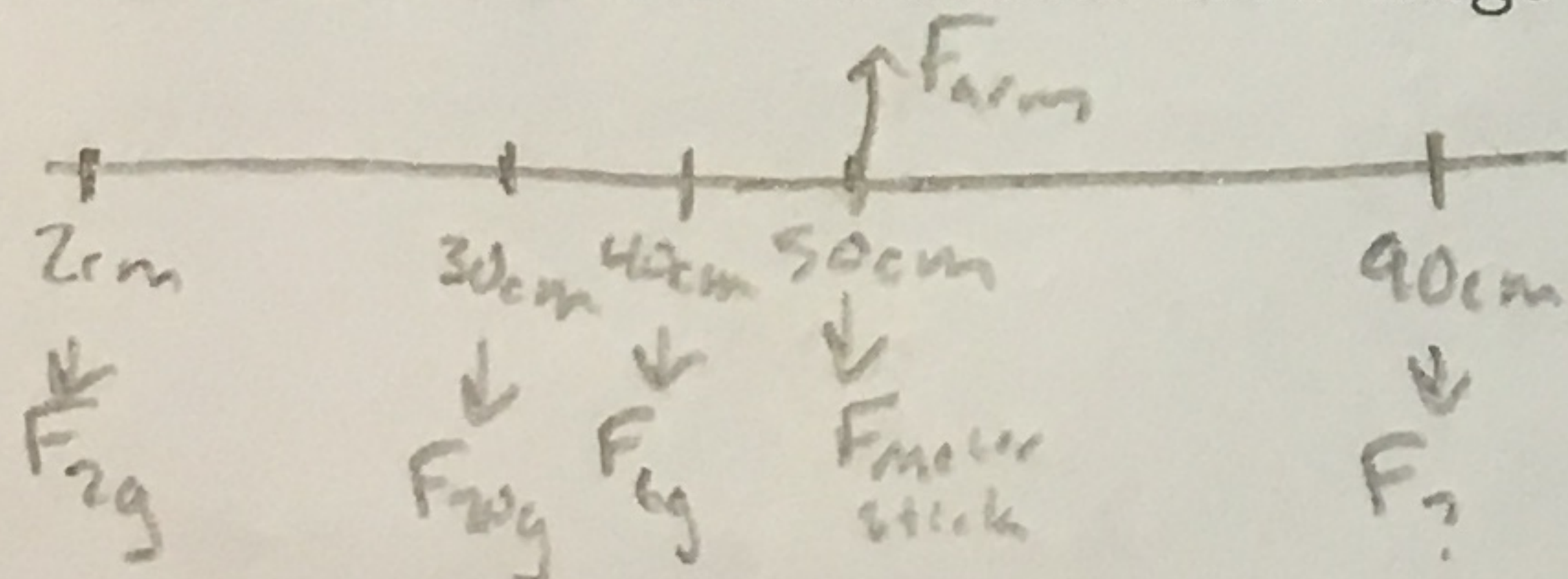
Net Torque: $\sum \vec{T} = \overset{\text{ccw}}{T_A} - \overset{\text{cw}}{T_M} = 0.032\text{N}\cdot\text{m} - 0.034\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$

$T_A = (0.0034\text{m})(11\text{N})\sin 58^\circ = 0.032\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$

$T_M = (0.0026\text{m})(15\text{N})\sin 119^\circ = 0.034\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$

$\sum T = -0.002\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$
clockwise

Tipping Rod Stephanie is playing with a 15g meter stick. She balances it on her arm. She then places four weights on it. She puts the first, a 20g weight at the 30cm mark. The second, a 2g weight at the 2cm mark. The third, a 6g weight at the 40cm mark. She places the last weight at the 90cm mark. The meter stick remains balanced. How large (in grams) is the last weight?



Since balanced w/out weights:

$F_{\text{arm}} = F_{\text{meter stick}}$

Since balanced w/ weights: $\sum T = 0$

$\vec{T} = \vec{r} \times \vec{F} = |r||F|\sin\theta \rightarrow \text{all } \perp \Rightarrow \sin\theta = 1$

for a weight $F = m \cdot g$ (in kg)

$T_{2g} = (0.48\text{m})(0.002\text{kg} \cdot 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) = 0.0094\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$

$T_{20g} = (0.2\text{m})(0.02\text{kg} \cdot 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) = 0.039\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$

$T_{6g} = (0.1\text{m})(0.006\text{kg} \cdot 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) = 0.0059\text{N}\cdot\text{m}$

$T_{?} = (0.4\text{m})(? \text{kg} \cdot 9.8 \frac{\text{m}}{\text{s}^2}) = ? \text{kg} \cdot 3.9 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$

$\sum T = T_{2g} + T_{20g} + T_{6g} - T_{?} = 0$

$0 = 0.0094\text{N}\cdot\text{m} + 0.039\text{N}\cdot\text{m} +$

$0.0059\text{N}\cdot\text{m} + ? \text{kg} \cdot 3.9 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$

$0.054\text{N}\cdot\text{m} = ? \text{kg} \cdot 3.9 \frac{\text{m}^2}{\text{s}^2}$

⁰Select problems may be modified from Walsh, Harrison, or the Internet.

remember \vec{r} is measured from the pivot pt (50cm)

needs to be in meters

$? \text{kg} = 0.0139\text{kg}$

Unknown mass = 13.9g